

# STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

MICHAEL F. EASLEY
GOVERNOR

LYNDO TIPPETT SECRETARY

June 24, 2004

US Army Corps of Engineers Regulatory Branch Post Office Box 1890 Wilmington, NC 28402-1890

ATTENTION:

Mr. Eric Alsmeyer

**NCDOT** Coordinator

Subject:

Nationwide 23 Permit Modification Application for the Replacement of Bridge No. 140 over Rich Fork Creek on US 29/70, I-85 Business, Davidson County. Federal Aid Project No. BRSTP-29(20), State Project No. 8.1602101, NCDOT Division 9,

TIP Project No. B-4096.

Dear Mr. Alsmeyer:

On May 31, 2003 the NCDOT applied for a Nationwide 23 for the above referenced project. That application mistakenly stated that traffic will use an onsite one lane detour structure located northwest of the existing structure during construction. An Addendum to the original Categorical Exclusion (CE) document was signed on November 13, 2003.

The addendum changed the preferred alternative to maintain traffic on the northbound bridge in a two-lane two-way configuration, by use of a crossover median detour. The existing northbound structure has a clear roadway width of 30 feet. This structure would allow for the temporary median barrier and one 12-foot travel lane with two one foot shoulders in both directions. Due to the narrow travel way, an offsite wide load detour would be required. The changes to the design to not change the impacts reported in the original permit application. Therefore, no revised permit drawings are included with this letter. A copy of the CE addendum is attached for your reference.

WEBSITE: WWW.NCDOT.ORG

If you have any questions or need additional information, please contact Brett Feulner at (919) 715-1488.

Sincerely,

Gregory J. Thorpe, Ph.D.

Environmental Management Director, PDEA

#### w/attachment

Mr. John Hennessy, NC Division of Water Quality

Ms. Marella Buncick, USFWS

Ms. Marla Chambers, NCWRC

Mr. Greg Perfetti, P.E., Structure Design

Mr. David Chang, P.E., Hydraulics

Mr. S.P. Ivey, P.E., Division Engineer

Ms. Diane Hampton, Division Environmental Officer

#### w/o attachment

Mr. Jay Bennett, P.E., Roadway Design

Mr. Omar Sultan, Programming and TIP

Ms. Art McMillan, PE, Highway Design

Mr. John F. Sullivan, FHWA

Mr. Mark Staley, Roadside Environmental

Mr. Joel Johnson, P.E., Project Planning Engineer

Mr. David Franklin, USACE, Wilmigton

Mr. Ron Hancock, Bridge Construction

**Davidson County** Bridge No. 140 on US 29/70, I 85 Bus. over Rich Fork Creek Federal Aid Project No. BRSTP-29(20) State Project No. 8.1602101 T.I.P. No. B-4096

#### **ADDENDUM TO**

**CATEGORICAL EXCLUSION** 

U. S. DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

FEDERAL HIGHWAY ADMINISTRATION

**AND** 

N. C. DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION **DIVISION OF HIGHWAYS** 

**APPROVED:** 

Date

Gregory J. Thorpe, PhD

Environmental Management Director, PDEA

11-21-03

Date

John F. Sullivan, III Division Administrator, FHWA

Davidson County
Bridge No. 140 on US 29/70, I 85 Bus.
over Rich Fork Creek
Federal Aid Project No. BRSTP-29(20)
State Project No. 8.1602101
T.I.P. No. B-4096

# ADDENDUM TO CATEGORICAL EXCLUSION

Documentation Prepared in Project Development and Environmental Analysis Branch By:

Data

11-12-030

Toel A. Johnson

Project Planning Engineer, PDEA

Date

William T. Goodwin, Jr., PE

Unit Head, PDEA

## PROJECT COMMITMENTS

Replacement of Bridge No. 140 on Us 29/70 & I-85 Bus. over Rich Fork Creek Davidson County Federal-Aid No. BRSTP-29(20) State Project No. 8.1602101 TIP. No. B-4096

# Commitments Developed Through Project Development and Design

Division 9 Resident Engineer/Roadside Environmental Unit/Structure Design Unit/Roadway Design Unit

### **Bridge Demolition:**

NCDOT will adhere to the Best Management Practices (BMPs) for "Bridge Demolition and Removal" during the removal of Bridge No. 140. Bridge No. 140 is composed entirely of reinforced concrete with an asphalt wearing surface. The asphalt wearing surface can be removed without dropping into waters of the United States. There is a potential for components of the bridge to be dropped into waters of the United States during construction. The resulting temporary fill associated with the concrete bridge is approximately 150 cubic yards (115 cubic meters).

**Turbidity Curtains:** 

Conditions in the stream will raise sediment concerns and therefore a turbidity curtain is recommended as a preventative measure.

Davidson County
Bridge No. 140 on US 29/70, I 85 Bus.
over Rich Fork Creek
Federal Aid Project No. BRSTP-29(20)
State Project No. 8.1602101
T.I.P. No. B-4096

#### I. BACKGROUND

A Categorical Exclusion (CE) for the subject project was approved January 15, 2002. The document presented the following two alternatives:

<u>Alternative 1</u> (Recommended in original document) involves replacement of the structure along the existing roadway alignment. A temporary one lane detour structure located northwest of the existing bridge would serve as an on-site detour. Improvements to the approach roadways will be required for a distance of approximately 450 feet at each end of the structure.

Alternative 2 involves replacement of the structure along the existing roadway alignment. Traffic will be maintained on the northbound bridge in a two-lane two-way configuration, by use of a crossover median detour. The existing northbound structure (No. 138) has a clear roadway width of 30 feet. This structure would allow for the temporary median barrier and one 12-foot travel lane with two one-foot shoulders in both directions. Due to this narrow travel way, an off-site wide load detour (US 64, I-85 & NC 109) would be required.

After receiving new information from the Division Engineer, Alternative 2 is now the recommended alternative. This new information came to light during a field review of the project. The project, as designed in Alternative 1, includes a temporary detour and structure to be constructed to handle the southbound traffic during construction. This project has serious constructibility issues. Due to a sanitary sewer line, pump station, and right of way issues, the proposed onsite detour is very close to the existing southbound bridge and travel lane. The fill for the detour extends underneath the existing bridge, which would not be constructible without utilizing shoring. The narrow median between the two existing lanes and the close proximity of the detour would not allow room for a crane to operate for demolition of the existing bridge or the construction of the new bridge. A small amount of working room could be gained by moving the detour further away but this would necessitate shoring the outside fill of the detour. With the detour in place, access to construct the substructure would require the removal of fill and pavement on the existing roadway. Having to remove this fill to construct a road for access to construct the substructure would probably require shoring for the existing northbound lanes and the temporary detour. The estimated cost for this detour, not including any shoring or the removal of existing fill and pavement, is approximately \$450,000.

#### **II. DISCUSSION**

Alternative 1 was originally recommended over Alternative 2 due to the expected user delays associated with reducing four lanes of traffic down to two lanes. Another consideration was the anticipated safety concerns with the wide load detour. Knowledge gained through other construction projects along this corridor, indicate both of these issues are less of a problem than expected when the original document was done. Therefore, Alternative 2 is the recommended alternative due to less construction cost and time.

### **III. COST ESTIMATES**

The estimated cost of the project is \$1,452,000 including \$1,300,000 in construction costs and \$152,000 in right of way costs. This is over \$450,000 less than the cost of Alternative I.

### **IV. RECOMMENDATIONS**

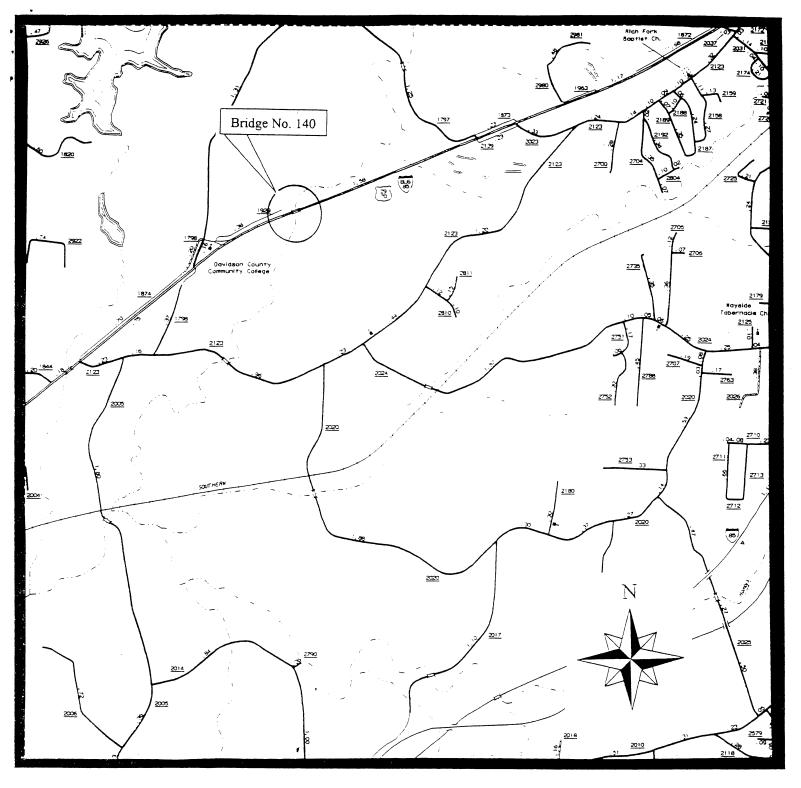
Bridge No. 140 will be replaced with a new bridge at approximately the same location and elevation as the existing bridge. The new bridge will be approximately 230 feet in length and 36 feet in width. A travelway width of 24 feet will be provided, with an offset of 8 feet on the outside and 4 foot on the inside. Traffic will be maintained on the northbound bridge in a two-lane two-way configuration, by use of a crossover median detour. The existing northbound structure (No. 138) has a clear roadway width of 30 feet. This structure would allow for the temporary median barrier and one 12-foot travel lane with two one-foot shoulders in both directions. Due to this narrow travel way, an off-site wide load detour (US 64, I-85 & NC 109) would be required.

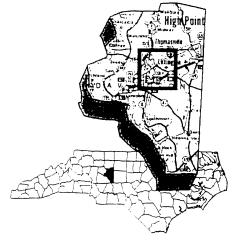
The approach roadway will consist of two 12-foot travel lanes with 10-foot grassed shoulders on each side.

As indicated in the original CE, environmental impacts of Alternative 2 are slightly less than Alternative 1. The NCDOT Division 9 Construction Engineer concurs with the selection of this alternative.

#### V. CONCLUSIONS

The recommended alternative is changed from Alternative 1 to Alternative 2 due reduced construction cost and time.







NORTH CAROLINA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION DIVISION OF HIGHWAYS PROJECT DEVELOPMENT & ENVIRONMENTAL ANALYSIS BRANCH

DAVIDSON COUNTY REPLACE BRIDGE 140 ON US 29/70 –1 85 BUS OVER RICH FORK CREEK B-4096

Figure One